Timeline	Themes/Enduring Understandings/Essential Questions for the Unit	Common Core Standards Addressed	Assessments	Standards Based Skills and Concepts Targeted	Strategies/Practices Used to Teach Skills and Concepts	Resources/Texts Used
Third Quarter	Nutrition	L1A.8.7	Reading:	Listening skills, note-taking, open discussion,	Reading and discussion	**STUDY GUIDE for
January -	Themes:	L2A.8.3	Complete assigned readings on	cooperative teamwork,		each student,
mid-	L1Nutrition and Your Health	L3C.8.2, 3;	Study Guide.	follow directions on		medical/nursing
March	L2The Nutrients You Need		Demonstrates independent study		"Personal Health IQ"	textbook, related
GRADE 6	L3Eating for Life	C.8.1	habits	reflect, consider and answer:		articles, medical
GRADE 0	L4Nutrition Activities	L5 B.8.1-3; C.8.2-4;		L1describe how nutrition affects your	End of lesson Directed	reading materials,
	L5Diet Deficiencies and Unhealthy			health quality, explain how your body cells use food,	Reading Review worksheets,	Teaching Resource File
	Choices L6A	L6 A.8.4,7; B.8.1,3,4,6;	Written:	explain how your digestive system breaks down food,	partner work, individual projects,	(assess, reteach,
	Healthy Body Image	C.8.2; D.8.3,6; E.8.1-4	End of	define nutrition, explain factors that influence food choices 12ilist and discuss the six classes of essential nutrients (carbs, proteins, fats, water, vits, minerals), how do these help the body, identify foods that are good sources of each	worksheets (resource file, internet, addict. textbooks), diagrams, games, flashcards, visual aids (models, demonstrations, transparencies)	reinforce and enrich at all levels text content), related worksheets, internet sites, visuals aids, overhead projector, DVDs/Videos, Smart Board
	nduring Understandings: Food provides the body with crucial nutrients to regulate unctions, promote growth, repair and maintain energy.		lesson classwork and homework	identify the food groups shown on the Food Guide Plate, identify healthy snacks, explain how to read a Nutrition Facts Label, describe the Dietary Guidelines for Americans L4—breakfast can be important in		
	Planning daily balanced meals with the 6 groups on the		Lesson			
	Food Guide Plate is recommended for servings sizes and		tests	maintaining a healthy body weight, better learning ability and memory functions, people who skip	and the second second second	
	number of servings for optimum nutrition, Nutrition Fact Labels help consumers know content, proper weight maintenance depends on sensible eating and exercise. Illnesses, Body Image and self-esteem can be reflected in a		Comprehensive worksheets	breakfast may be low in vits/minerals. L5what Vitamin Deficiency diseases occur from lack of food types? Soda is a major factor in	Media and technology support internet presentations Smart Board, DVDs/videos)	
	person's diet. Body Image can include eating disorders.		Personal Inventory (self-health	several illnesses, dental problems, and obesity. L6What are		
	Essential questions: How can I meet essential nutrient			BMI, anorexia and bulimia, explain why positive body image is important.		
	needs? What food types are best, what food types should I		of project as directed on Project	image is important.		
	avoid or limit? How should I plan a balanced diet? What		Rubric.			
	are the 6 classes of essential nutrients? How is water		Oral:			
	important? What serious deficiency diseases happen as a		Class			
	result of poor diet? How is the new Food Guide Plate a tool guideline for daily eating? Why is breakfast important?		discussion/reflect on reading. Individual and			

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Third Quarter January - mid- March GRADE 7	Systems: Anatomy & Physiology Themes: L1-Body Systems/Skeletal System L2-The Muscular System L3-The Nervous System L4-The Digestive System L4-The Circulatory System L5-The Respiratory System L6-The Respiratory System L6-The Respiratory System Enduring. Your body is made up of trillions of cells that constitute the multitude parts in the body, each work together to maintain perfect homeostasis or balance. A bone is an organ of the skeletal system which protects soft organs and supports the body. Bone marrow has a unique function. Muscles also provide stability and support to our bodies by CONTRACTING, muscles are always in a state of readiness to move. Special chemicals and electrical impulses "fire away" to make muscles move. The nervous system controls ALL of your body's activities by allowing different parts to exchange informationthe brain and nervous system are responsible for this. Digestion begins in the mouth with saliva enzymes. Absorption of nutrients occur in the intestines. The heart muscle contracts to pump blood throughout your body. 4 chambers (atria-ventricles) in your heart cycle blood. The lungs exchange oxygen and carbon dioxide in the tiny air sacs called alveoli. Essential questions: does the body ermain in homeostasis from cellular to system levels? How does learning about your body systems help you to care for them correctly? What lifestyle behaviors ensure optimum function of your systems?	L5A.8.5 L6 A.8.5,7; B.8.1,3-5	Reading: Complete assigned readings on Study Guide. Demonstrates independent study habits Written: End of lesson classwork and homework Lesson tests Comprehensive worksheets Personal Inventory (self-health improvement assessments) Completion of project as directed on Project Rubric. Oral: Class discussion/reflect on reading.	Listening skills, note-taking, open discussion, cooperative teamwork, follow directions on projects. Students discuss, reflect, consider and answer: Li-describe how cells, tissues, organs and systems work together in the body, discuss how problems in one systems affects other systems, describe the functions of the skeletal system and how it changes with age, name the types of joints, what is the function of bone marrow. L2-describe the functions of the Nervous System (brain/spinal cord) and how it responds to the body's electrical needs, describe a reflex. L3-describe the functions of the Nervous System (brain/spinal cord) and how it responds to the body's electrical needs, describe a reflex. L4-explain the path of digestion from mouth to rectum, explain how the body utilities food, describe diseases of the Gt, describe the 4 ways waste is expelled from the body. L5-explain the functions of the Circulatory System, list the 4 components of the blood and their functions, label the four heart chambers. Where are presure points? L6-describe the anatomy of lung tissue and functions of the Presthing process and gas exchange, describe lung diseases and causes (asthma, emphysema), what is surfactant?	"Personal Health IQ" End of lesson Directed Reading Review worksheets, partner work, individual projects, speeches, role play, enrichment worksheets (resource file, internet, addit. textbooks), diagrams, games, flashcards, visual aids (models,	**STUDY GUIDE for each student, medical/nursing textbook, related articles, medical reading materials, Teaching Resource File (assess, reteach, reinforce and enrich at all levels text content), related worksheets, internet sites, visuals aids, overhead projector, DVDs/Videos, SmartBoard

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Third Q	uarter	Tobacco, Alcohol, and Abused Drugs		L1A.8.5,6; B.8.1	Reading:	Listening skills, note-taking, open discussion, cooperative	Reading and discussion	**STUDY GUIDE for
January	-		Themes:	L2A.8.2,4,5; B.8.1	Complete assigned readings on Study	teamwork,		each student,
m	nid-		L1Tobacco	L3 A.8.5; B.8.3; C.4.1;	Guide. Demonstrates	follow directions on projects. Students discuss, reflect, consider and answer:		medical/nursing
March	GRADE	Products: An Overview		D.8.3,6; E.8.1-4	independent study habits	L1identify and list the variety of toxic chemicals	"Personal Health IQ"	textbook, related
8		L2Tobacco's Effects		L4A.8.5; B.8.3; C.4.1;		found in cigarettes, explain why nicotine is addictive,		articles, medical
			,	D.8.3,6; E.8.1-4		explain how nicotine enters the bloodstream and brain	End of lesson Directed	reading materials,
		Death Alcohol and Alcoholism	L4	L5A.8.5; B.8.3;	Written:	and chronic effects of smokable and smokeless tobacco on	Reading Review worksheets, partner work, individual projects,	
			- 64-4:-:	C.4.1; D.8.3,6; E.8.1-4 L6 A.8.5:				
		L5Using Drugs a	L6	B.8.3; C.4.1; D.8.3,6; E.8.1-		body, explain lung anatomy (airway and circulatory	speeches, role play, enrichment worksheets (resource file,	
		Marijuana	Enduring	D.O.S, C.4.1, D.S.S,O; E.S.1-		functions), describe the effects of environmental tobacco smoke (ETS) "second hand smoke"	internet, addict. textbooks),	related worksheets.
		Understandings:	Both	*	End of lesson	L3describe 2 common respiratory diseases from	diagrams, games, flashcards,	internet sites, visuals
		cigarettes and pipe tobacco contain 1000s of dangerous chemicals. Even though some forms of tobacco may look			classwork and homework	tobacco (chronic bronchitis and emphysema), describe	visual aids (models,	aids, overhead
						how cancer is related to tobacco use, discuss how tobacco		projector,
		safer than others do, all tobacco products are unhealthy.				makes the heart work harder, analyze how media		DVDs/Videos, Smart
		Nicotine is one of those primary components in tobacco			Lesson tests Comprehensive worksheets	influences peer pressure, choices.		Board
		that acts on the brain causing physical changes with				L4Define alcoholic and		
		addiction. Physical and psychological dependence occur.				alcoholism and affects on families, discuss how alcohol metabolizes in the body and brain, discuss the physical		
		Secondhand smoke causes between 35,000 and 40,000 deaths from heart disease every year. Illness and health				changes that occur on the brain surface (addiction),	Media and technology	
						explain Blood Alcohol Content (BAC), list diseases, list the	supportinternet presentations	
		deeply affect families and communities. The making of		Personal Inventory (self-	Wisconsin laws and penalties on underage drinking and	Smart Board, DVDs/videos)		
		alcohol products has become big business and the drinking		health improvement assessments)	drunk driving			
		and abuse of alcohol has become a major public health		Completion	L5Discuss ways drugs can enter the body, explain			
	problem. The leading cause of death for peop				of project as directed on Project	common signs of allergic reaction and how to treat it,		
		20 is motor vehicle accidents while drunk			discuss important information printed on medicine labels			
		abused meds are pain killers, like Tylenol. Read medicine		Oral:	L6- describe the most common effects of marijuana on the			
		labels to avoid overdose.			Class discussion/reflect	body and brain, "medicinal"		
		Essential questions:		on reading.	,, meaning			
		Why do people choos			Individual and small group activities			
		alcohol and drugs to the point leading to	addiction? What		to enhance each lesson.			